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2	Senate Bill No. 652
3	(By Senators Snyder, Jenkins, Boley and Tucker)
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5	[Introduced March 25, 2013; referred to the Committee on
6	Government Organization.]
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11	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$29-3-5b$ of the Code of West Virginia,
12	1931, as amended, relating to criminal background checks for
13	home inspector license applicants; and providing rule-making
14	authority to the State Fire Commission to require criminal
15	background checks for home inspector license applicants.
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
17	That §29-3-5b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
18	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
19	ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.
20	§29-3-5b. Promulgation of rules and statewide building code.
21	(a) The State Fire Commission shall propose rules for
22	legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article
23	three chanter twenty-nine-a of this code to safeguard life and

- 1 property and to ensure the quality of construction of all 2 structures erected or renovated throughout this state through the 3 adoption of a State Building Code. The rules shall be in 4 accordance with standard safe practices so embodied in widely 5 recognized standards of good practice for building construction and 6 all aspects related thereto and have force and effect in those 7 counties and municipalities adopting the State Building Code: 8 Provided, That each county or municipality may adopt the code to 9 the extent that it is only prospective and not retroactive in its 10 application.
- (b) The State Fire Commission has authority to propose rules 12 for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of 13 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, regarding 14 building construction, renovation and all other aspects as related 15 to the construction and mechanical operations of a structure. The 16 rules shall be known as the State Building Code.
- 17 (c) The State Fire Commission shall propose a rule for 18 legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article 19 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to include the following 20 building energy codes in the State Building Code:
- 21 (1) The 2009 edition of the International Energy Conservation 22 Code for residential buildings or other building energy code or 23 codes for residential buildings that meets or exceeds equivalent

- 1 energy savings; and
- 2 (2) The ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2007 building energy
- 3 code for commercial buildings or other building energy code or
- 4 codes for commercial buildings that meets or exceeds equivalent
- 5 energy savings.
- 6 (d) (1) The State Fire Commission has authority to propose
- 7 rules for legislative approval, in accordance with the provisions
- 8 of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a, establishing state
- 9 standards and fee schedules for the licensing, registration,
- 10 certification, regulation and continuing education of persons which
- 11 will conduct inspections relating to the State Building Code, which
- 12 include, but are not limited to, building code officials,
- 13 inspectors, plans examiners and home inspectors.
- 14 (2) The State Fire Commission may propose rules for
- 15 legislative approval requiring applicants for home inspector
- 16 licensing, registration or certification to submit to a state and
- 17 national criminal history record check as set forth in this
- 18 section.
- 19 (e) The State Fire Commission has authority to establish
- 20 advisory boards as it deems appropriate to encourage representative
- 21 participation in subsequent rulemaking from groups or individuals
- 22 with an interest in any aspect of the State Building Code or
- 23 related construction or renovation practices.

- 1 (f) For the purpose of this section, the term "building code" 2 is intended to include all aspects of safe building construction 3 and mechanical operations and all safety aspects related thereto. 4 Whenever any other state law, county or municipal ordinance or 5 regulation of any agency thereof is more stringent or imposes a 6 higher standard than is required by the State Building Code, the 7 provisions of the state law, county or municipal ordinance or 8 regulation of any agency thereof governs if they are not 9 inconsistent with the laws of West Virginia and are not contrary to 10 recognized standards and good engineering practices. In any 11 question, the decision of the State Fire Commission determines the 12 relative priority of any such state law, county or municipal 13 ordinance or regulation of any agency thereof and determines 14 compliance with State Building Code by officials of the state, 15 counties, municipalities and political subdivisions of the state. 16 (q) Enforcement of the provisions of the State Building Code 17 is the responsibility of the respective local jurisdiction. Also, 18 any county or municipality may enter into an agreement with any 19 other county or municipality to provide inspection and enforcement 20 services: Provided, That any county or municipality may adopt the 21 State Building Code with or without adopting the BOCA National 22 Property Maintenance Code.
- 23 (h) After the State Fire Commission has promulgated rules as

- 1 provided in this section, each county or municipality intending to
- 2 adopt the State Building Code shall notify the State Fire
- 3 Commission of its intent.
- 4 (i) The State Fire Commission may conduct public meetings in 5 each county or municipality adopting the State Building Code to 6 explain the provisions of the rules.
- (j) The provisions of the State Building Code relating to the construction, repair, alteration, restoration and movement of structures are not mandatory for existing buildings and structures identified and classified by the State Register of Historic Places under the provisions of section eight, article one of this chapter or the National Register of Historic Places, pursuant to 16 U. S. C. §470a. Prior to renovations regarding the application of the State Building Code, in relation to historical preservation of structures identified as such, the authority having jurisdiction shall consult with the Division of Culture and History, State Historic Preservation Office. The final decision is vested in the State Fire Commission. Additions constructed on a historic pulliding are not excluded from complying with the State Building Code.

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(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide for criminal background checks for home inspector applicants.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)

## GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

By striking out the title and substituting therefor a new title, to read as follows:

Eng. Senate Bill No. 652--A BILL to amend and reenact §29-3-5b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to criminal background checks for home inspector license applicants; and providing rule-making authority to the State Fire Commission to require criminal background checks for home inspector license applicants.